

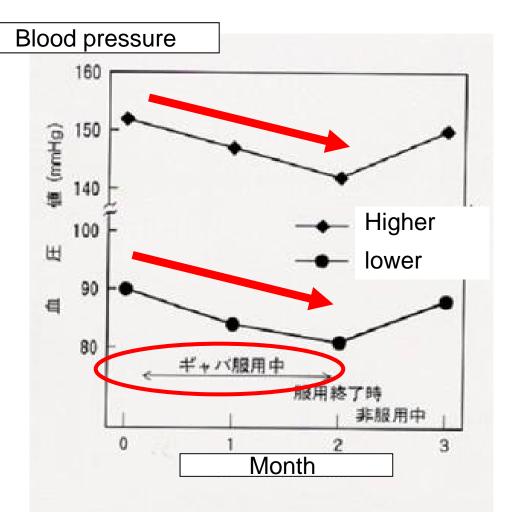
## GABA Component Decreased Blood Pressure



by WENARC

Brown rice accumulates GABA (gamma - aminolactic acid) after soaking several hours.

By taking of pre-germinated brown rice for two months, the blood pressure decreased significantly and after stopping to take it, the blood pressure became higher.



## Special Purpose Japanese Rice Variety (Genetic resource)

traits	name of varieties		
low amylose	Aya(15%), Yawarakomachi(12%), Milky Queen(10%)		
high amylose	Hoshiyutaka(28%), Yumetoiro(28%)		
scented	Sari Queen (Iong grain), Haginokaori, Kitanokaori		
pigmented	Asamurasaki (purple, glutinous), Okunomurasaki (p)		
	Beni Roman (red)		
protein	LGC-1(low gluteline), Shunyou (low gluteline)		
	LGC-soft (low gluteline, low amylose).		
	LA-1(low allergic protein)		
big germ	Haiminori Mebaemochi (glutinous)		
big grain	Oochikara (38mg)		
small grain	Kanto152(13mg)		



## **Protein Body Change Variety**





## **Proteins in rice endosperm**



\*Prolamine

\*Hard to digest

2. Protein body I

\*Mainly glutelin

\*Easy to Digest

# Utilization of Low-Glutelin Mutant

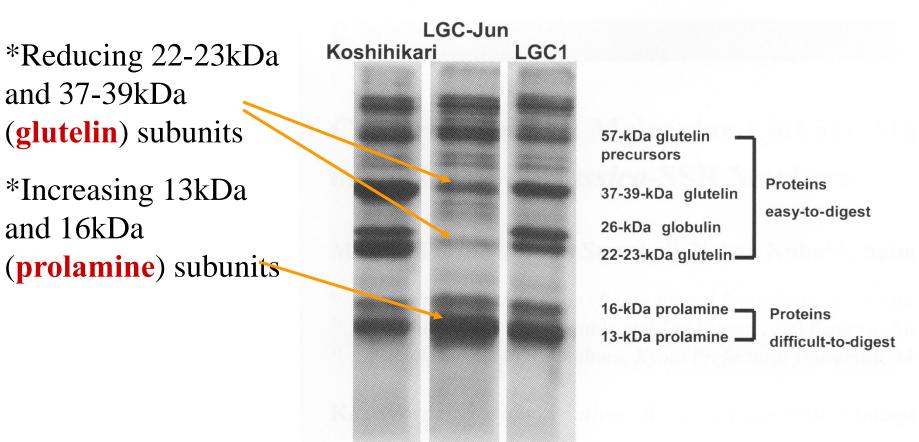
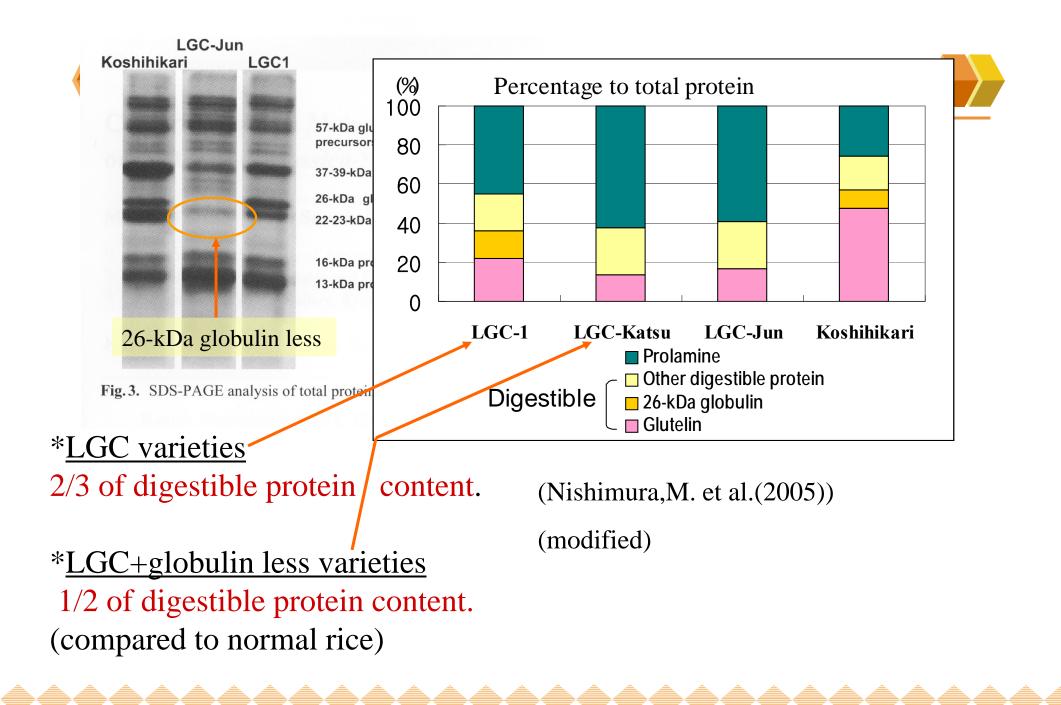


Fig. 3. SDS-PAGE analysis of total proteins in brown rice. (Nishimura, M. et al.(2005))





## **Effect of Low Glutelin Rice**



-3	1 Serum creatine (mg/dl)	Start of treatment	Change in kidney function after taking LGC-1		
Function of kidney	0.5-		inclination of 1/serum-creatine before (taking LGC-1) after		
			All patient	-3.10 ± 3.62	-1.69 ± 2.95
			Much rice taking group	-4.59 ± 4.33	-1.47 ± 3.51*
ц	Without	treatment	Less rice taking group	-2.05 ± 2.94	-1.82 ± 2.79
	0.1	* significant at 5% level			
	12345	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15month			
	<u> </u>	of injury of kidney function			
		<i>.</i>			T.Imbe



- 1960s-1970s (rice insufficient); Cheap wheat flour
  - > Wheat flour day; Noodle, bread
  - > Traditional rice cake, liquor; only special days
- Present time (rice excess); Stimulate rice consump.
  - > Liquor, cake, cookies, noodle
  - Processed boiled rice
  - Enriched rice (pregerminated brown rice, ginseng, fungi, mushroom coating)
  - > Top rice; High quality brand rice



### **Rice Cakes & Cookies**















## **MAS Breeding Programs**

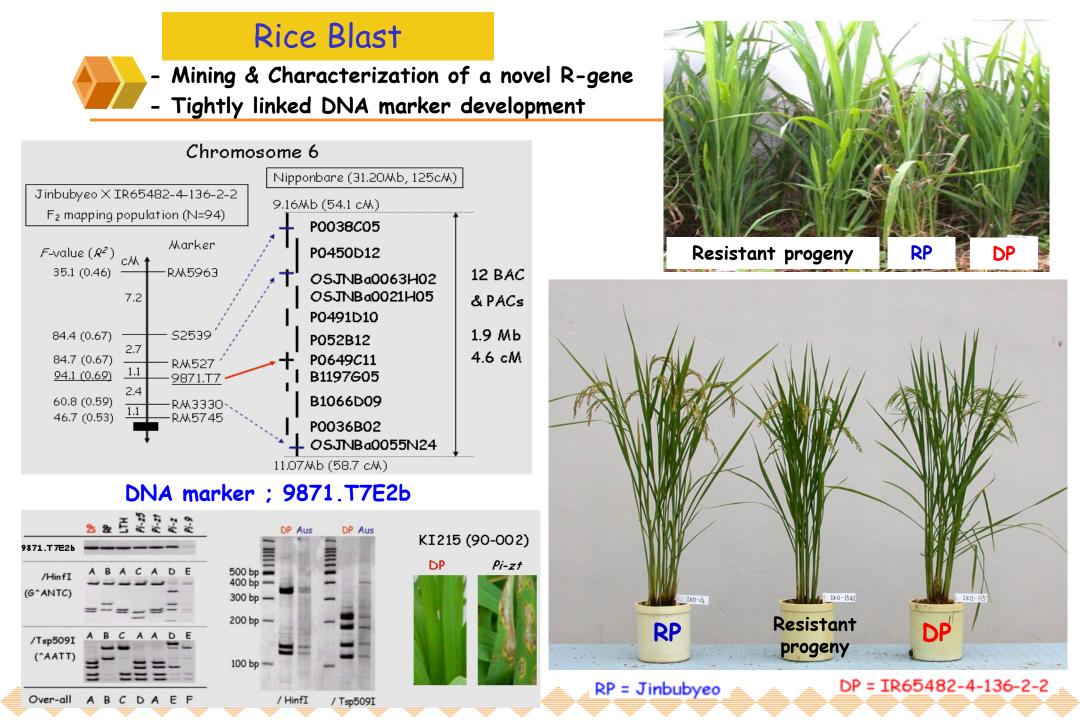


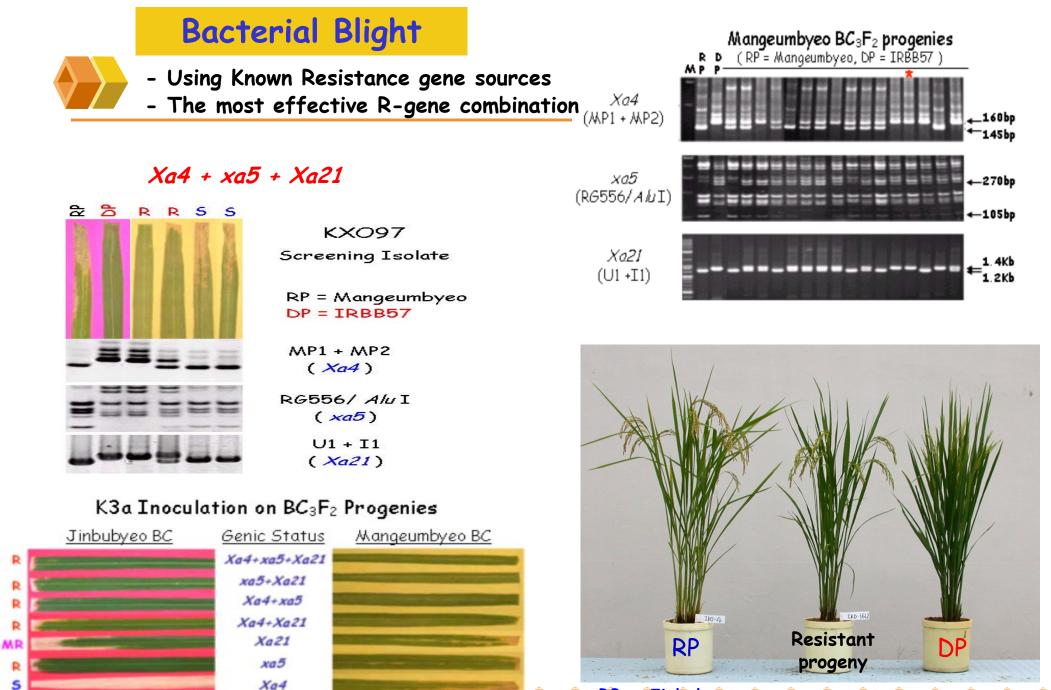
- Blast (BI) and bacterial blight (BB) resistance
- Brown planthopper (BPH) resistance
- Premium grain quality
- Wide hybridization
- Cold tolerance



#### MAS Strategy for Improving Japonica Rice Fine mapping of new R-genes Improving resistance in Japonica 1. Association analysis (ANOVA) F<sub>1</sub> X RP F<sub>2</sub> Linkage map skeleton $(MAS) \rightarrow BC_1F_1 X RP$ Pathotyping (QT data) F<sub>2:3</sub> (Dual selection) $\rightarrow BC_2F_1 \times RP$ 2. e-Landing on Nipponbare ORFs (Dual selection) $\rightarrow BC_3F_1$ (Selfing) High density map More F<sub>2</sub>s Homogeneous (target region) $(MAS) \rightarrow BC_3F_2$ for R allele BI-R-BCs MAS Validity test Selections on Background Agronomic traits Selection 3. Comparative analysis & Cloning $BC_{3}F_{n}(R)$

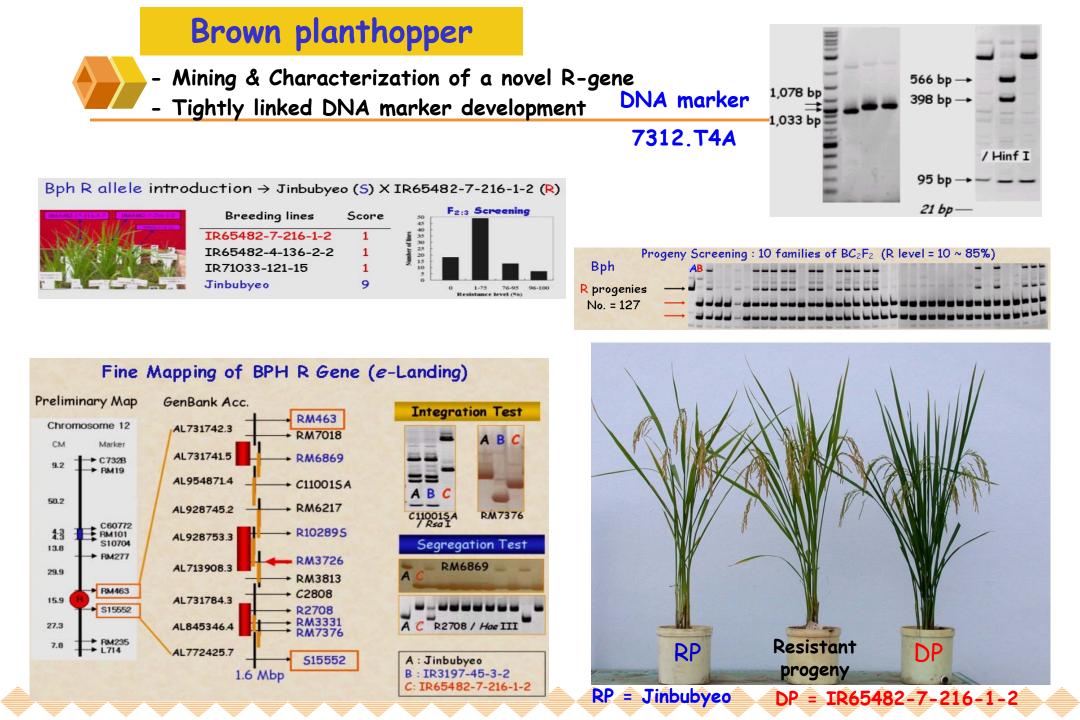
Dual selection -> selections on marker genotypes as well as agronomic traits





#### RP = Jinbubyeo

DP = IRBB57

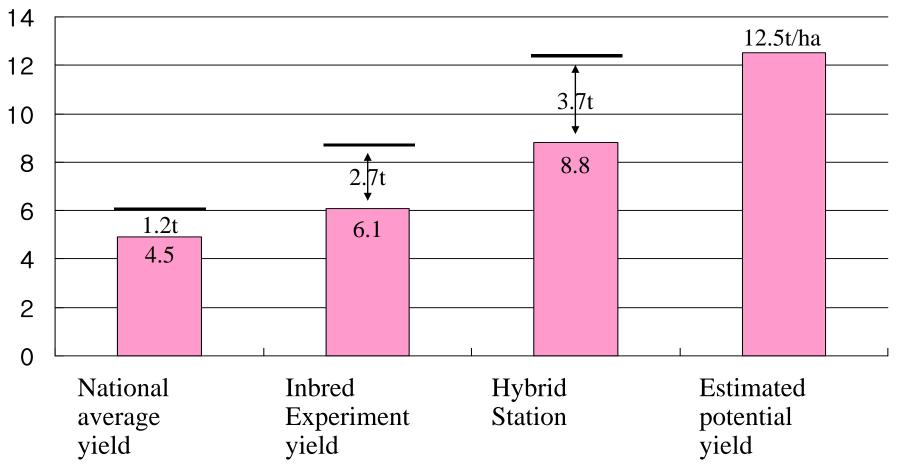




- Potential Productivity of Rice
- New Plant Type for Increased Yield Potential
- Developing Hybrid Rice
- Application of Biotechnology
- Wide Hybridization for New Gene



Milled yield (t/ha)



# New Plant Type for Increased Yield Potential

- To achieve these goals, a new plant type was conceived with the following attributes.
  - Lower tillering capacity (3-4 tillers when direct seed, 8-10 tillers when transplanted)
  - No unproductive tillers
  - > 200-250 grains per panicle
  - > 90-100cm tall
  - Very sturdy stems
  - Dark green thick and erect leaves
  - Vigorous root system
  - > 100-130 days growth duration
  - Multiple disease and insect resistance
  - Acceptable grain quality





## **Correlation Coefficient** of Yield and Yield Component



### In observable yield test of IRRI and Korea's elite lines at YARI in 2005

IRRI	No. of	No. of spikelets	Grain filling	1,000 grains	Milled rice	
Korea	panicles	per panicle	ratio	weight	yield	
No. of panicles	-	0.064	-0.327*	-0.205*	0.186	
No. of spikelets per panicle	-0.050	-	<b>-0.271</b> *	0.059	-0.069	
Grain filling ratio	0.198	-0.205*	-	0.147	0.816**	
1,000 grains weight	-0.087	-0.492**	-0.190	-	0.131	
Milled rice yield	0.011	0.615**	0.061	-0.366*	-	

\*, \*\* : Significant at 5% and 1% levels, respectively



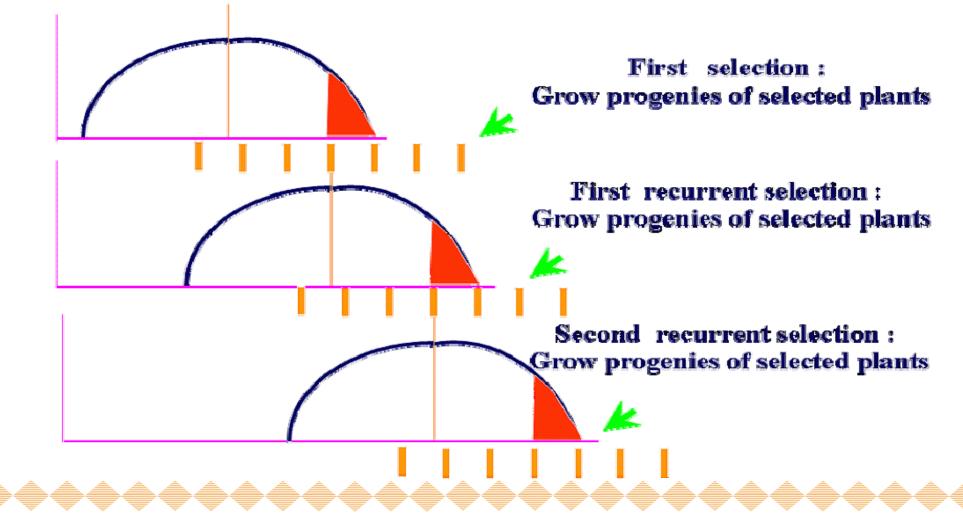
## Path Coefficient of Yield and Yield Component



Charters		No. of panicles	No. of spikelets per panicle	Grain filling ratio	1,000 grains weight
Direction	IRRI	0.528	0.170	1.000	0.079
effect	Korea	0.004	0.650	0.192	-0.009
Indirect	IRRI	-0.339	-0.239	-0.206	0.053
effect	Korea	0.006	-0.035	-0.131	-0.357



## **Phenotypic-recurrent Selection Effect of QT**





# What is the QTLs and NON- Allelic Heterosis ?



